ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Farmer City, Illinois

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Farmer City, Illinois, as of and for the year ended April 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Farmer City, Illinois, as of April 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Farmer City, Illinois, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Farmer City, Illinois' ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Farmer City, Illinois' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Farmer City, Illinois' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund pension information and budgetary comparison schedules be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Farmer City, Illinois' basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

MCK CPAs & Advisors

Bloomington, Illinois October 23, 2024

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION April 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,468,396	1,129,757	3,598,153
Investments		749,709	288,828	1,038,537
Receivables, net:				
Property taxes		1,084,359	24,364	1,108,723
Intergovernmental		169,463		169,463
Accounts		322	250,529	250,851
Lease		4,732		4,732
Internal balances		(724,188)	724,188	-
Prepaid expenses		53,150	45,169	98,319
Total current assets		3,805,943	2,462,835	6,268,778
Noncurrent assets				
Lease receivable, less current portion		14,209		14,209
Capital assets, net of accumulated		,		,
depreciation		5,885,195	4,483,534	10,368,729
Total Assets		9,705,347	6,946,369	16,651,716
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred outflows related to				
pension obligations		150,512	118,027	268,539
Total Assets and Deferred				
Outflows of Resources		9,855,859	7,064,396	16,920,255

(continued)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued) April 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	41,558	25,091	66,649
Meter deposits		30,453	30,453
Accrued expenses	27,280	14,937	42,217
Compensated absences	28,272	22,456	50,728
Accrued interest	26,946	32,965	59,911
Bonds payable, due within one year	60,000	140,000	200,000
Total current liabilities	184,056	265,902	449,958
Noncurrent liabilities			
Unamortized bond premiums	113,246	100,401	213,647
Bonds payable, due in more than one year	1,640,000	2,085,000	3,725,000
IMRF pension liability	410,622	321,998	732,620
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,163,868	2,507,399	4,671,267
Total Liabilities	2,347,924	2,773,301	5,121,225
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred property tax	1,084,359	24,364	1,108,723
Deferred lease	18,941	,	18,941
Deferred inflows related to			
pension obligations	12,882	10,101	22,983
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,116,182	34,465	1,150,647
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	4,185,195	2,274,643	6,459,838
Tax increment financing district II	158,162		158,162
Tax increment financing district III	86,454		86,454
Insurance	385,968		385,968
Motor fuel tax	300,408		300,408
Business district tax	172,765		172,765
Audit	69,655		69,655
Social security	100,838		100,838
Illinois municipal retirement fund	233,446		233,446
Library	59,539		59,539
Unrestricted	639,323	1,981,987	2,621,310
Total Net Position	6,391,753	4,256,630	10,648,383
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows			
of Resourced and Net Position	\$ 9,855,859	7,064,396	16,920,255

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year ended April 30, 2024

		Program	Revenues		Net (Expense)/Revenue Changes in Net Positi		
	-	Charges	Operating	-			
		for	Grants and		Business-Type		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 848,390	31,346	2,957	(814,087)		(814,087)	
Public safety	599,215	38,414	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(560,801)		(560,801)	
Public works	352,210	20,111		(352,210)		(352,210)	
Streets and alleys	395,684			(395,684)		(395,684)	
Culture and recreation	469,223	48,565	27,358	(393,300)		(393,300)	
Interest on long-term debt	65,440	,	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(65,440)		(65,440)	
Total governmental activities	2,730,162	118,325	30,315	(2,581,522)	-	(2,581,522)	
0				(=,= = =,= ==)		(_,= = -,=)	
Business-type activities:							
Electric	2,154,853	2,492,293			337,440	337,440	
Water	349,675	505,231			155,556	155,556	
Sewer	472,505	493,838			21,333	21,333	
Garbage	149,288	147,968			(1,320)	(1,320)	
Total business-type activities	3,126,321	3,639,330			513,009	513,009	
TOTAL	\$ 5,856,483	3,757,655	30,315	(2,581,522)	513,009	(2,068,513)	
	General Reven	les:					
	Taxes						
	Propert	v taxes		967,491	23,529	991,020	
	Income			304,563	-)	304,563	
	Motor f	fuel tax		80,285		80,285	
	Replace	ement tax		43,214		43,214	
	Sales ta			254,325	143,944	398,269	
	Excise	tax		9,232	,	9,232	
	Use tax	L		69,031		69,031	
	Video g	gaming tax		90,273		90,273	
	Cannab	-		2,893		2,893	
	Busines	s district tax		115,129		115,129	
	Hotel-n	notel taxes		17,614		17,614	
	Miscellaneo	ous income		34,814		34,814	
	Insurance p	roceeds		350,480		350,480	
	Unrestricte	d investment e	arnings	154,115	28,707	182,822	
	Inter-office	charges		265,000	(265,000)	-	
	Interfund tr	ansfers		(35,371)	35,371	-	
	Total general re	venues		2,723,088	(33,449)	2,689,639	
	Change in net p	osition		141,566	479,560	621,126	
	Net position - b	eginning		6,250,187	3,777,070	10,027,257	
	Net position - e	nding		\$ 6,391,753	4,256,630	10,648,383	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS April 30, 2024

		General Fund	Tax Increment Financing Fund II	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Assats					
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,264,926	144,679	1,058,791	2,468,396
Investments	ψ	749,709	1-1,077	1,050,771	749,709
Receivables, net:		749,709			749,709
Property taxes		109,638	470,891	503,830	1,084,359
Intergovernmental		145,862	170,091	23,601	169,463
Lease		18,941		25,001	18,941
Other		10,911	322		322
Prepaid expenses		167	522	52,983	53,150
Due from other funds		107	15,062	355,537	370,599
			10,002	555,557	510,577
Total Assets		2,289,243	630,954	1,994,742	4,914,939
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Accounts payable		33,156	1,901	6,501	41,558
Accrued expenses		18,870)	3,004	21,874
Due to other funds		1,031,283		63,504	1,094,787
)))	,,
Total Liabilities		1,083,309	1,901	73,009	1,158,219
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred lease		18,941			18,941
Deferred property tax		109,638	470,891	503,830	1,084,359
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		128,579	470,891	503,830	1,103,300
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable		167		52,983	53,150
Restricted for:		107		52,905	55,150
Tax increment financing districts			158,162	86,454	244,616
Insurance			10 0,102	385,968	385,968
Motor fuel tax				300,408	300,408
Business district tax				172,765	172,765
Audit				69,655	69,655
Social security				100,838	100,838
Illinois municipal retirement fund				233,446	233,446
Library				59,539	59,539
Committed:				0,000	0,005
Public safety				12,695	12,695
Unassigned		1,077,188		(56,848)	1,020,340
Total Fund Balances	_	1,077,355	158,162	1,417,903	2,653,420
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	2,289,243	630,954	1,994,742	4,914,939
See Notes to Financial Statements.					

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION April 30, 2024

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 2,653,420
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets of \$10,962,505 net of accumulated depreciation of \$5,077,310 are not current financial resources and,	
therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund.	5,885,195
Net pension obligations are not reported in the fund financial statement because they are not due and payable, but they are presented in the statement of net position.	(272,992)
Long-term liabilities are not payable with current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Bonds payable	(1,700,000)
Bond premium	(113,246)
Accrued expenses	(5,406)
Compensated absences	(28,272)
Accrued interest	 (26,946)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 6,391,753

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year ended April 30, 2024

		General Fund	Tax Increment Financing Fund II	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$	122,473	411,652	433,366	967,491
Income tax	Ψ	304,563	,002		304,563
Motor fuel tax		201,202		80,285	80,285
Replacement tax		43,214		00,200	43,214
Sales tax		254,325			254,325
Excise tax		9,232			9,232
Use tax		69,031			69,031
Video gaming tax		90,273			90,273
Cannabis tax		2,893			2,893
Other taxes		,		132,743	132,743
Donations				27,358	27,358
Fines, fees, permits & licenses		57,092		1,600	58,692
Grants					
Operating			2,957		2,957
Interest income		114,219	3,635	36,261	154,115
Pool income		47,840			47,840
Rental income		11,793			11,793
Miscellaneous		34,446		368	34,814
Total revenues		1,161,394	418,244	711,981	2,291,619
Expenditures: Current:					
General government		479,466		289,323	768,789
Public safety		564,712		13,681	578,393
Public works		501,712	48,373	109,327	157,700
Streets and alleys		291,285	10,575	61,376	352,661
Culture and recreation		325,421		56,528	381,949
Debt service:		020,121		00,020	501,515
Principal			60,000		60,000
Interest			65,990		65,990
Capital outlay		762,836	325,356	131,951	1,220,143
Total expenditures		2,423,720	499,719	662,186	3,585,625
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		(1,262,326)	(81,475)	49,795	(1,294,006)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Inter-office charges		265,000			265,000
Insurance proceeds		350,480			350,480
Transfers in		109,000			109,000
Transfers out			(5,000)	(139,371)	(144,371)
Total other financing sources (uses)		724,480	(5,000)	(139,371)	580,109
Net change in fund balances		(537,846)	(86,475)	(89,576)	(713,897)
Fund balances - beginning		1,615,201	244,637	1,507,479	3,367,317
Fund balances - ending	\$	1,077,355	158,162	1,417,903	2,653,420

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year ended April 30, 2024

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ (713,897)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in the fund financial statements because they use current financial resources, but they are presented as assets in the Statement of Activities and depreciated over their estimated economic lives; depreciation (\$498,443) for the year is less than capital	
outlays (\$1,220,143) reported in the governmental funds.	721,700
Repayment of loan principal is an expenditure in the fund financial statements; however, the repayment reduces long-term	
liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.	60,000
Net change in pension obligations is not recognized in the fund financial statements since it does not use current financial resources.	68,529
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not	
reported as expenditures in the fund financial statements:	(20)
Accrued expenses Compensated absences	(38) (940)
Accrued interest	(940)
Amortization of bond premium	 5,662
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 141,566

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS April 30, 2024

	 Business-Type Activities Proprietary Funds					
	(Major) ctric Light	(Major)	(Major)	(Nonmajor)		
	lant and stem Fund	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Garbage Fund	Total	
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 667,633	372,095	90,029		1,129,757	
Investments	138,846	109,982	40,000		288,828	
Due from other funds	372,591	364,040	9,628		746,259	
Property taxes receivable			24,364		24,364	
Accounts receivable, net	163,871	29,296	44,243	13,119	250,529	
Prepaid expenses	 32,802	4,089	8,278		45,169	
Total current assets	 1,375,743	879,502	216,542	13,119	2,484,906	
Capital assets:						
Land	2,000	38,000			40,000	
Buildings	130,708	422,619	3,245,000		3,798,327	
Systems and infrastructure	9,214,526	2,111,192	3,062,591		14,388,309	
Equipment	334,669	788,994	202,708		1,326,371	
Accumulated depreciation	 (7,110,859)	(2,651,914)	(5,306,700)		(15,069,473)	
Total capital assets	 2,571,044	708,891	1,203,599	-	4,483,534	
Total Assets	3,946,787	1,588,393	1,420,141	13,119	6,968,440	
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred outflows related to						
pension obligations	 81,741	28,210	8,076		118,027	
Total Assets and Deferred						
Outflows of Resources	 4,028,528	1,616,603	1,428,217	13,119	7,086,467	

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued) PROPRIETARY FUNDS April 30, 2024

	Business-Type Activities						
		Pr	oprietary Fund	ls			
	(Major) Electric Light	(Major)	(Major)	(Nonmajor)			
	Plant and System Fund	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Garbage Fund	Total		
<u>Liabilities</u>	·						
Current liabilities:							
Meter deposits		30,453			30,453		
Accounts payable	21,597	521	2,973		25,091		
Due to other funds	,		,	22,071	22,071		
Bonds payable, current	90,000	25,000	25,000		140,000		
Accrued expenses	9,701	1,780	3,456		14,937		
Compensated absences	15,269	2,555	4,632		22,456		
Accrued interest	10,367	11,299	11,299		32,965		
reerded interest	10,507	11,277	11,277		52,705		
Total current liabilities	146,934	71,608	47,360	22,071	287,973		
Noncurrent liabilities							
Unamortized bond premiums	16,065	42,168	42,168		100,401		
IMRF pension liability	223,003	76,962	22,033		321,998		
Bonds payable less	-)		,		-)		
current maturities	685,000	700,000	700,000		2,085,000		
	000,000	700,000	700,000		2,005,000		
Total noncurrent liabilities	924,068	819,130	764,201	-	2,507,399		
Total Liabilities	1,071,002	890,738	811,561	22,071	2,795,372		
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred inflows related to:							
Property tax			24,364		24,364		
Pension obligations	6,996	2,414	691		10,101		
8		, ,			- / -		
Total deferred inflows of resources	6,996	2,414	25,055	-	34,465		
Net Position							
Invested in capital assets,							
net of related debt	1,796,044		478,599		2,274,643		
Unrestricted	1,154,486	723,451	113,002	(8,952)	1,981,987		
		, 20, 101	110,002	(0,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1,901,907		
Total Net Position	2,950,530	723,451	591,601	(8,952)	4,256,630		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows							
of Resources, and Net Position	\$ 4,028,528	1,616,603	1,428,217	13,119	7,086,467		
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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year ended April 30, 2024

	Business-Type Activities Proprietary Funds					
	(Major) Electric Light	(Major)	(Major)	(Nonmajor)		
	Plant and System Fund	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Garbage Fund	Total	
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 2,432,554	498,034	486,885	147,968	3,565,441	
Other	59,739	7,197	6,953		73,889	
Total operating revenues	2,492,293	505,231	493,838	147,968	3,639,330	
Operating expenses:						
Personnel services	422,699	114,387	146,500		683,586	
Operations and contractual services	1,419,113	82,798	122,393	149,288	1,773,592	
Materials and supplies	61,541	46,859	47,176		155,576	
Depreciation	227,476	80,343	131,148		438,967	
Total operating expenses	2,130,829	324,387	447,217	149,288	3,051,721	
Operating income (loss)	361,464	180,844	46,621	(1,320)	587,609	
Non-operating revenues (expenses):						
Sewer cholorination levy			23,529		23,529	
State and municipal sales tax	117,524	26,420	,		143,944	
Interest revenue		5,529	1,305		6,834	
Interest expense	(24,024)	(25,288)	(25,288)		(74,600)	
Inter-office charges	(155,000)	(60,000)	(50,000)		(265,000)	
Investments earnings and (losses)	21,873				21,873	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(39,627)	(53,339)	(50,454)	-	(143,420)	
Net income (loss) before						
other financing sources (uses)	321,837	127,505	(3,833)	(1,320)	444,189	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in			35,371		35,371	
Change in net position	321,837	127,505	31,538	(1,320)	479,560	
Net position - beginning	2,628,693	595,946	560,063	(7,632)	3,777,070	
Net position - ending	\$ 2,950,530	723,451	591,601	(8,952)	4,256,630	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year ended April 30, 2024

			Business-Type Activities Proprietary Funds				
	(Major)	(Major)	(Major)	(Nonmajor)	-		
	Electric Light Plant and System Fund	Water Fund	Sewer Fund	Garbage Fund	Total		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Cash received from customers	\$ 2,486,087	502,739	490,168	148,009	3,627,003		
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(1,455,661)	(223,587)	(221,138)	(161,500)	(2,061,886)		
Cash paid to employees for services	(470,533)	(134,425)	(145,342)		(750,300)		
Net cash flows from operating activities	559,893	144,727	123,688	(13,491)	814,817		
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Transfers (to) from other funds			35,371		35,371		
Advances to (from) other funds	(303,298)	335,212		13,491	45,405		
Inter-office charges	(155,000)	(60,000)	(50,000)		(265,000)		
State and municipal sales tax	117,524	26,420			143,944		
Proceeds from sewer chlorination levy			23,529		23,529		
Net cash flows from noncapital financing activities	(340,774)	301,632	8,900	13,491	(16,751)		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Purchase of capital assets	(74,999)	(54,822)	(80,246)		(210,067)		
Principal paid on revenue bonds	(85,000)	(25,000)	(25,000)		(135,000)		
Interest paid on revenue bonds	(26,119)	(27,397)	(27,397)		(80,913)		
Net cash flows from capital financing activities	(186,118)	(107,219)	(132,643)	-	(425,980)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Proceeds from investments	542,706				542,706		
Interest from investments	21,873	5,529	1,305		28,707		
Net cash flows from investing activities	564,579	5,529	1,305	-	571,413		
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	597,580	344,669	1,250	-	943,499		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	70,053	27,426	88,779		186,258		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	667,633	372,095	90,029	-	1,129,757		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES							
Operating income (loss)	361,464	180,844	46,621	(1,320)	587,609		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to							
net cash flows from operating activities:							
Depreciation	227,476	80,343	131,148		438,967		
Expenses related to pension obligations	(45,122)	(15,448)	(1,994)		(62,564)		
Change in assets and liabilities:							
(Increase) decrease in: Accounts recievable	(6 206)	(0 720)	(3,670)	41	(12 572)		
Prepaid expenses	(6,206) 2,426	(2,738) 3,852	(3,670) (2,721)	41	(12,573) 3,557		
(Decrease) increase in:	2,420	5,052	(2,721)		5,557		
Accounts payable	21,597	(96,199)	(51,309)	(12,212)	(138,123)		
Accrued expenses	970	(1,583)	2,461	(12,212)	1,848		
Compensated absences	(2,712)	(4,590)	3,152		(4,150)		
Meter deposits		246	- ,		246		
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$ 559,893	144,727	123,688	(13,491)	814,817		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS April 30, 2024

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity: The City of Farmer City (the "City") is a municipal corporation governed by an elected Mayor and City Council. The accompanying financial statements present the operations of the primary government.

In evaluating how to define the government for financial reporting purposes, the City has considered all potential component units. Generally accepted accounting principles require that the financial statements present component units for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The City has determined that it is not financially accountable for any component units and, therefore, no component units have been made a part of these statements.

New Accounting Pronouncement: The City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, during the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024. This statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAS) for government users.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are generally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: (1) charges for fees, licenses and permits, (2) fines, (3) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function, and (4) operating and capital grants and contributions. Taxes and other revenue sources not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Fund financial statements are used to report additional and more detailed information about the City. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitutes its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2024

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation: The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period, or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. The City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The funds are grouped into two fund types and five generic funds as described below.

<u>Governmental Fund Types</u>: Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related current liabilities are accounted for through Governmental Funds. The funds included in this category are as follows:

General Fund – This fund is established to account for resources devoted to financing the general services that the City performs for its citizens. General tax revenues and other sources of revenue used to finance the fundamental operations of the City are included in this fund. The fund is charged with all costs of operating the government for which a separate fund has not been established.

Special Revenue Funds – These funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources other than special assessments, expendable trusts, or major capital projects that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Debt Service Funds – These funds are established for the purpose of accumulating resources for the payment of interest and principal on long-term general obligation debt other than that payable from enterprise funds.

Capital Projects Fund – This fund is established to account for major capital expenditures not financed by enterprise funds.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2024

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation, continued

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all activities not included in other specified funds.

<u>Tax Increment Financing Fund II</u>: This is a special revenue fund used to account for and report all financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures related to the Tax Increment Financing District II redevelopment project. Revenues are generated from local property taxes.

<u>Proprietary Fund Types</u>: Proprietary Funds are those that account for operations that are organized to be self-supported through user charges. The funds included in this category are the Enterprise funds.

Enterprise Funds – These funds are established to account for operations that are financed and conducted in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

<u>Electric Light Plant and System Fund</u>: An enterprise fund that accounts for the provision of electric services to residents. All activities necessary to providing such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration and billing operations, capital outlay and maintenance, financing, and related debt service. Revenues are generated from charges for services.

<u>Water Fund</u>: An enterprise fund that accounts for the provision of water services to residents. All activities necessary to providing such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration and billing operations, capital outlay and maintenance, financing, and related debt service. Revenues are generated from charges for services.

<u>Sewer Fund</u>: An enterprise fund that accounts for the provision of sewer services to residents. All activities necessary to providing such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration and billing operations, capital outlay and maintenance, financing, and related debt service. Revenues are generated from charges for services.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Electric Light Plant and Systems, Water, Sewer, and non-major Funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2024

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Deposits and Investments: The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The Public Funds Investment Act of the State of Illinois allows municipalities to invest in the following:

- Insured commercial banks, savings, and loan institutions
- Obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies
- Insured credit union shares
- Money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States or agreement to repurchase these same obligations
- Repurchase agreements
- Short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services
- The Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund
- The Illinois Fund Investment Pool

Amounts Due To and From Other Funds: Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are advances due to/from other funds. Other outstanding balances between funds are reported as due to/from other funds. Residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances". Interfund balances between governmental funds and interfund balances between proprietary funds have been eliminated and are not included in the government-wide statement of net position.

Receivables: Taxes receivable consist of property taxes, as well as other taxes received in the first 60 days following the fiscal year end, which are accrued as revenue in the statements. Property taxes are levied annually in December and become a lien as of January 1st. Property taxes are recorded on the balance sheet as taxes receivable and deferred inflows of resources at the beginning of the year in the fund statements. Taxes are due in two equal installments in June and September. All uncollected property taxes at year end are reported as taxes receivable. No allowance for doubtful taxes receivable is recorded because delinquent taxes are considered fully collectible.

Accounts receivable consist of amounts due from individuals or organizations for goods and services. Receivable amounts exclude any amounts estimated to be uncollectible at year end.

Prepaid Expenses: Payments to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this report are recorded as prepaid expenses and are accounted for using the consumption method.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2024

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Capital Assets: Capital assets are not capitalized in the governmental funds used to acquire or construct them. Instead, capital acquisition and construction are reflected as expenditures in governmental funds. Capital assets consisting of property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost exceeding \$ 5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of twenty-four consecutive months. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable. Donated capital assets are stated at their fair value on the date donated.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is expensed as incurred. No interest expense was incurred by the City for construction projects during the current fiscal year.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets and intangible assets used by proprietary funds is charged as an expense against their operations. Accumulated depreciation and amortization are reported on the proprietary fund statement of net position. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Electric light plant and system	20-30 years
Waterworks and sewerage system	20-30 years
Infrastructure	20 years
Machinery and equipment	5-10 years
Furniture and office equipment	5-10 years

Infrastructure assets include roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, and drainage systems. The City has elected to report only those infrastructure fixed assets that were acquired or constructed after April 30, 2005.

Compensated Absences: It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits. Accumulated sick leave is not earned until taken by the employee, and therefore the expense is recorded in governmental funds at the time it is used. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary funds. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The General Fund and special revenue funds typically liquidate the governmental activities liability for compensated absences. At April 30, 2024, the City was obligated for \$ 50,728 of accumulated vacation pay.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2024

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Long-Term Debt: In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed in the year of issuance.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources: In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Equity Classification in Government -Wide Statements: Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u>: Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.

<u>Restricted net position</u>: Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. None of the restricted net position result from enabling legislation adopted by the City.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u>: All other net positions that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2024

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Equity Classification in Governmental Fund Statements: The City has implemented GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used.

<u>Nonspendable fund balance</u> – Amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory, prepaid expenses, long-term receivables) or are required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted fund balance</u> – Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

<u>Committed fund balance</u> – Amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level of action to remove or change the constraint.

<u>Assigned fund balance</u> – Amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority.

<u>Unassigned fund balance</u> – Amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

The City establishes (modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment. Assigned fund balances are established by the City through the same process as intended for specific purposes (such as the purchase or construction of capital assets, debt service, or for other purposes).

Net Position Flow Assumption: Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unrestricted in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted to have been depleted before unrestricted is applied.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2024

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions: Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting: The City is under the appropriations method as described in the Illinois Compiled Statutes. The Annual Appropriations Ordinance passed by the City is the legally binding document which restricts the City's maximum expenditure of funds.

Use of Estimates: Management of the City has made certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures/expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Internal and Interfund Balances and Activities: In the process of aggregating the financial information for the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, some amounts reported as interfund activities and balances in the fund financial statements have been eliminated or reclassified. Interfund services are accounted for as revenues, expenditures, or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. All other interfund transactions, except interfund services and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

Deposits

The City maintains a cash pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the financial statements as "cash and cash equivalents". The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. In addition, investments are separately held by several of the City's funds. The investments are governed by an investment policy.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2024

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments, continued

Deposits, continued

The carrying amount of the City's deposits with financial institutions was \$ 3,597,793 and the bank balance was \$ 3,697,377, at April 30, 2024. The institutions' balances are categorized as follows:

Demand Deposits Amount insured by FDIC	\$ 254,036
Uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution but not in the name of the City	1,620,587
Total demand deposits	\$ 1,874,623
<u>Time Deposits</u> Amount insured by FDIC	\$ 62,046
Uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution but not in the name of the City	1,760,708
Total time deposits	\$ 1,822,754
Total balance uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ -

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. As of April 30, 2024, \$ 3,381,295 of the City's bank balance of \$ 3,697,377 was exposed to custodial credit risk. The City mitigates this risk by entering into collateral agreements for uninsured cash amounts on deposit.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2024

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments, continued

Investments

The City invests excess unrestricted cash reserves with the Illinois Metropolitan Investment Fund (IMET). IMET is an actively managed investment fund for Illinois units of local government, which offers two investment options, the IMET 1-3 Year Series and the IMET Convenience Series. Both investment options are comprised of collateralized bank deposits, FDIC insured certificates of deposit, and U.S. Government securities. At April 30, 2024, the City's funds invested with IMET were as follows:

Fund	Shares Held	Price per Share	Fair Value
Convenience Fund	1,038,537.140	\$ 1.000	\$ 1,038,537

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty to the investment, the City will not be able to recover the value of their investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The City limits the exposure to credit risk by limiting investments to securities in accordance with their respective policies, prequalifying institutions, and diversifying the portfolio so the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or from one individual issuer will be minimized.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in the market interest rates. The City limits the exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and investing funds in secured investment pools.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2024

Note 3 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance	
	April 30, 2023	Additions	Deletions	April 30, 2024	
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 121,840	33,573		155,413	
Construction in progress	35,160	694,703		729,863	
Total assets not being depreciated	157,000	728,276	-	885,276	
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	2,916,761			2,916,761	
Equipment	1,040,896	163,409		1,204,305	
Infrastructure	5,117,707	118,175		5,235,882	
Land improvements	509,998	210,283		720,281	
Total assets being depreciated	9,585,362	491,867	-	10,077,229	
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(1,298,060)	(46,511)		(1,344,571)	
Equipment	(362,107)	(126,208)		(488,315)	
Infrastructure	(2,857,818)	(290,543)		(3,148,361)	
Land improvement	(60,882)	(35,181)		(96,063)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,578,867)	(498,443)	-	(5,077,310)	
Total assets being depreciated, net	5,006,495	(6,576)	-	4,999,919	
Governmental activities, net	\$ 5,163,495	721,700	-	5,885,195	

Depreciation expense for the year ended April 30, 2024 was charged to functions of the City as follows:

General government Public safety Public works Streets and alleys Culture and recreation	\$ 147,152 20,822 200,172 43,023 87,274
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 498,443

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2024

Note 3 - Capital Assets, continued

	Balar April 30,		Additions	Deletions	Balance April 30, 2024
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 40),000			40,000
Land	<u> </u>	,000			40,000
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	3,79	3,327			3,798,327
Systems and infrastructure	14,25	7,242	131,067		14,388,309
Equipment	1,26.	3,997	79,000	16,626	1,326,371
Total assets being depreciated	19,319	9,566	210,067	16,626	19,513,007
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	(3,68	9,979)	(268,018)		(3,957,997)
Systems and infrastructure	(9,90	5,773)	(114,921)		(10,021,694)
Equipment	(1,05),380)	(56,028)	(16,626)	(1,089,782)
Total accumulated depreciation	(14,64	7,132)	(438,967)	(16,626)	(15,069,473)
Total assets being depreciated, net	4,672	2,434	(228,900)	-	4,443,534
Business-type activities, net	\$ 4,712	2,434	(228,900)	-	4,483,534

Depreciation expense for the year ended April 30, 2024 was charged to functions of the City as follows:

Electric light plant and system	\$ 227,476
Water	80,343
Sewer	 131,148
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 438,967

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2024

Note 4 - Long-term Debt

Governmental Activities:

Alternate Revenue Bonds – Series 2019B: During the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020, the City issued \$1,930,000 of General Obligation Bonds (Alternative Revenue Source), Series 2019B. Proceeds of this issue were used for street and other infrastructure improvements. Repayment commenced December 1, 2019 with regular payments due December 1st and June 1st annually and a final payment due December 1, 2043.

Remaining liabilities under the Series 2019B Alternate Revenue Bond at April 30, 2024 were as follows:

Year ending April 30,	Interest Rate	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	3.90%	\$ 60,000	64,670	124,670
2026	4.00%	60,000	63,350	123,350
2027	4.00%	65,000	62,030	127,030
2028	4.00%	65,000	60,600	125,600
2029	4.00%	65,000	58,000	123,000
2030-2034	4.00%	375,000	248,200	623,200
2035-2039	4.00%	460,000	166,600	626,600
2040-2044	4.00%	550,000	68,000	618,000
Total	-	\$ 1,700,000	791,450	2,491,450

Business-Type Activities:

Alternate Revenue Bonds – Series 2017: During the fiscal year ended April 30, 2018, the City issued \$ 1,130,000 of General Obligation Bonds (Alternative Revenue Source), Series 2017. Proceeds of this issue were used to pay down the callable portion of the Series 2011 bond issue. These bonds are due in annual installments of \$ 10,000 to \$ 105,000 commencing December 1, 2018 through 2031, with interest rates ranging from 2% to 4%. Interest is payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1 of each year, commencing June 1, 2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2024

Note 4 - Long-term Debt, continued

Business-Type Activities, continued:

Remaining liabilities under the Series 2017 Alternate Revenue Bond at April 30, 2024 were as follows:

Year ending April 30,	Interest Rate	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	2.50%	\$ 90,000	24,880	114,880
2026	2.50%	90,000	22,630	112,630
2027	2.80%	95,000	20,380	115,380
2028	2.80%	95,000	17,720	112,720
2029	2.80%	95,000	15,060	110,060
2030-2032	4.00%	310,000	25,000	335,000
Total	_	\$ 775,000	125,670	900,670

Alternate Revenue Bonds – Series 2019A: During the fiscal year ended April 30, 2020, the City issued \$1,650,000 of General Obligation Bonds (Alternative Revenue Source), Series 2019A. Proceeds of this issue were used to support major infrastructure improvements in the Water and Sewer Funds. Repayment commenced December 1, 2019 with regular payments due December 1st and June 1st annually and a final payment due December 1, 2043.

Remaining liabilities under the Series 2019A Alternate Revenue Bond at April 30, 2024 were as follows:

Year ending April 30,	Interest Rate	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	1.90%	\$ 50,000	54,238	104,238
2026	2.25%	55,000	53,113	108,113
2027	2.25%	55,000	51,875	106,875
2028	2.25%	55,000	50,637	105,637
2029	2.25%	55,000	49,400	104,400
2030-2034	4.00%	320,000	211,400	531,400
2035-2039	4.00%	390,000	142,200	532,200
2040-2044	4.00%	470,000	58,000	528,000
Total	-	\$ 1,450,000	670,863	2,120,863

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2024

Note 4 - Long-term Debt, continued

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities: Changes in general long-term liability activity for the year ended April 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Balance May 1, 2023	Additions	Reductions	Balance April 30, 2024	Due Within One Year
<u>Governmental Activities:</u> Alternate Revenue:	¢ 1 7/0 000		CO 000	1 700 000	(0.000
Series 2019B Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,760,000 636,394		60,000 225,772	1,700,000 410,622	60,000
Compensated Absences	27,332	940	223,112	28,272	
-	2,423,726	940	285,772	2,138,894	60,000
Business-Type Activities: Alternate Revenue: Series 2017 Series 2019A	860,000 1,500,000		85,000 50,000	775,000 1,450,000	90,000 50,000
Net Pension Liability	515,483		193,485	321,998	
Compensated Absences	26,606		4,150	22,456	
	2,902,089	-	332,635	2,569,454	140,000
Total	\$ 5,325,815	940	618,407	4,708,348	200,000

Note 5 - Property Taxes

The City's tax levy ordinance related to the taxes collected in 2024 was adopted December 2023. Property taxes are assessed and attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of each year. Taxes normally are collected between May 1 and September 1 (the last day of payment without penalty or interest) of the following year. The DeWitt County Treasurer is responsible for collecting and disbursing the tax monies to the City.

In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, property taxes are recognized as revenue in the budgetary year for which they are levied. Property taxes receivable are recorded as deferred revenue since they are budgeted to pay next year's expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2024

Note 5 - Property Taxes, continued

Property taxes receivable as of April 30, 2024, consist of the following:

	2023 Tax	
	Levy Year	
General Fund	\$ 109,638	
Tax Increment Financing Fund II	470,891	
Non-Major Governmental Funds	503,830	
Proprietary Funds	24,364	
Total	\$ 1,108,723	

Note 6 - Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the City has many transactions between funds including expenses and transfers of resources primarily to provide services. Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at April 30, 2024 arising from these transactions follow:

	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables
Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$	1,031,283
Tax Increment Financing Fund II	15,062	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	355,537	63,504
Proprietary Funds:		
Electric Light Plant and System Fund	372,591	
Water Fund	364,040	
Sewer Fund	9,628	
Garbage Fund		22,071
	\$ 1,116,858	1,116,858

Included above is \$ 1,022,468 due between funds which is the result of temporary loans made through the shared bank account for operations. The operating checking and money market account balances are split among several funds, and when one fund overdraws its portion of the account, the other funds make up the difference.

All remaining interfund balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2024

Note 6 - Interfund Transactions, continued

Transfers are used to provide resources from unrestricted funds revenues to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Interfund transfers consist of the following transactions:

	Transfer In	Transfer Out
Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$ 109,000	
Tax Increment Financing Fund II		5,000
Nonmajor governmental funds		139,371
Proprietary Funds:		
Sewer Fund	35,371	
	\$ 144,371	144,371

\$ 9,000 of the above transfers was for administrative costs and various reclassifications, while \$ 135,371 was to close the Capital Projects Fund.

Inter-office charges are year-end transfers into the General Fund to support the administrative duties conducted on behalf of the other funds. For the year ended April 30, 2024, inter-office charges included:

	Transfer To	Transfer From
General Fund	\$ 265,000	
Water		60,000
Sewer		50,000
Electric		155,000
	\$ 265,000	265,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2024

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The City's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, postretirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The City's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund ("IMRF"), the administrator of an agent multiple-employer public pension plan. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section below. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information (RSI). The report is available for download at <u>www.imrf.org</u>.

Benefits Provided

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired *before* January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of 3% of the original pension amount or $\frac{1}{2}$ of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2024

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan, continued

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At December 31, 2023, the measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and beneficiaries	32
Inactive, non-retired members	15
Active members	21
Total	68

Contributions

As set by statute, the City's regular plan members are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires the City to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The City's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2023 was 11.92%. The City also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

The City's net pension liability/(asset) was measured as of December 31, 2023. The total pension liability/(asset) used to calculate the net pension liability/(asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The amount is included on the Statement of Net Position.

Actuarial Assumptions

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability as of December 31, 2023:

- The Actuarial Cost Method used was Entry Age Normal.
- The Asset Valuation Method used was Market Value of Assets.
- The **Inflation Rate** was assumed to be 2.25%.
- Salary Increases were expected to be 2.85% to 13.75%, including inflation.
- The **Investment Rate of Return** was assumed to be 7.25%.
- **Projected Retirement Age** was from the Experience-based Table of Rates, specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated for the 2023 valuation according to an experience study from years 2020 to 2022.

Mortality Assumptions

For **non-disabled retirees**, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 108%) and Female (adjusted 106.4%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021 were used.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2024

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan, continued

Mortality Assumptions, continued

For **disabled retirees**, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021.

For **active members**, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2021.

Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return

The **long-term expected rate of return** on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table as of December 31, 2023.

	Portfolio Target	Long-Term Expected	
Asset Class	Percentage	Real Rate of Return	
Domestic equity	34.50%	5.00%	
International equity	18.00%	6.35%	
Fixed income	24.50%	4.75%	
Real estate	10.50%	6.30%	
Alternative investments	11.50%	6.05 - 8.65%	
Cash equivalents	1.00%	3.80%	

Single Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability as of December 31, 2023. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The Single Discount Rate reflects: 1) the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and 2) the tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.25%, the municipal bond rate is 3.77%, and the resulting single discount rate is 7.25%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2024

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan, continued

Changes in Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

	Increase/ (Decrease)			
	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary	Net Pension	
	Liability	Net Position	Liability/	
	(a)	(b)	(Asset)	
			(a) - (b)	
Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 6,808,795	5,656,918	1,151,877	
Service cost	130,950	-	130,950	
Interest on total pension liability	483,855	-	483,855	
Differences between expected and actual				
Experience of the total pension liability	19,210	-	19,210	
Change of assumptions	(12,566)	-	(12,566)	
Benefit payments, including refunds of			. ,	
Employee contributions	(422,013)	(422,013)	-	
Contributions – employer		158,039	(158,039)	
Contributions – employee		71,538	(71,538)	
Net investment income		815,196	(815,196)	
Other (Net Transfer)		(4,067)	4,067	
Balance at December 31, 2023	\$ 7,008,231	6,275,611	732,620	
Dian fiduciany not position as a percentage	of the total panei	on lighility	89.55%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	of the total pensi	on naointy		
Covered valuation payroll	1 1	11	1,325,853	
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered valuation payroll55.269				

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.25%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

	Current			
	1% Lower Discount Rate 1% Hig			
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)	
Net pension liability/(asset)	\$ 1,480,292	732,620	126,162	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2024

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan, continued

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended April 30, 2024, the City recognized pension income of \$ 168,640. At April 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earning on	\$ 12,455 -	14,836 8,147
Pension plan investments	204,430	-
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense In future periods	216,885	22,983
Pension plan contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	51,654	
Total deferred amounts related to pension	\$ 268,539	22,983

\$ 51,654 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net position liability in the reporting year ending April 30, 2025.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in furture periods as follows:

	Net Deferred
Year Ending	Outflows of
December 31,	Resources
2024	\$ (8,210)
2025	79,643
2026	204,876
2027	(82,407)
Thereafter	-
-	
	\$ 193,902

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2024

Note 7 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan, continued

Change in Net Pension Liability

	April 30,			April 30,
	2023	Additions	Deletions	2024
Net pension liability - IMRF	\$ 1,151,877		419,257	732,620

Note 8 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has joined together with other municipalities in the State of Illinois to form the Illinois Municipal League Risk Management Association (IMLRMA), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for its member municipalities.

The City pays an annual premium to IMLRMA for its general insurance coverage which includes workers' compensation, comprehensive general liability, inland marine, automobile physical damage, and property loss. Each area of coverage is subject to limitations that would be comparable to commercial insurance coverage. The agreement for formation of the IMLRMA provides that IMLRMA will be self-sustaining through member contributions and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of \$ 15 million for each insured event. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

Note 9 - Legal Debt Margin

The statutory debt limit of the City is 8.625% of assessed valuation, less any applicable debt. The legal debt margin at April 30, 2024 is as follows:

Total Assessed Valuation – 2023 Tax Year	\$ 24,364,015
Statutory Debt Limitation: 8.625% of Assessed Valuation	2,101,396
Less: Total Applicable Debt - None	
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 2,101,396

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2024

Note 10 - Intergovernmental Receivables

Intergovernmental taxes receivable as of April 30, 2024, consist of the following:

Income tax – General Fund	\$ 69,885
Replacement tax – General Fund	6,902
Sales tax – General Fund	40,123
Excise tax – General Fund	1,528
Use tax – General Fund	11,295
Video gaming tax – General Fund	15,627
Cannabis tax – General Fund	502
Motor fuel tax – Motor Fuel Tax Fund	6,574
Business district tax – Business District Tax Fund	17,027
Total	\$ 169,463

Note 11 - Fair Value Measurements

The City has determined the fair value of its investments through application of GASB Statement No. 72 *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. Fair value measurements are categorized into one of three levels based on the lowest level of significant input:

- Level 1 Value is based on observable inputs that reflect quoted prices in active markets, for identical assets or liabilities, for which the government has access to.
- Level 2 Value is based on inputs that reflect quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability.
- Level 3 Value is based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2024

Note 11 - Fair Value Measurements, continued

The fair value of the City's investments, measured on a recurring basis, are as follows at April 30, 2024:

	Fair Value Measurements at Reported Date, using:			
	Fair Value	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
IMET Convenience Fund	\$ 1,038,537	1,038,537		

Note 12 - Leases

City as Lessor: The City leases a portion of its property to Mediacom Illinois LLC for their use in constructing, operating, maintaining, repairing, replacing, relocating, and removing equipment related to its communications systems. The original lease term is for a period of five years beginning May 1, 2018 and ending April 30, 2023, and automatically renews for an additional five year term unless lessee gives written notice of its desire not to renew. The lease was automatically renewed at April 30, 2023 for the additional five years. After the renewal term, the agreement will continue for successive terms of one month each until terminated by either party. Monthly rental payments under the lease increase each year. For the first five years of the original term, monthly payments ranged from \$ 350 to \$ 394. Monthly payments during the five year renewal term range from \$ 406 to \$ 457.

Total rent received during the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024 was \$ 4,869.

Total annual amounts of rent expected to be received in future years are as follows:

	Principal	Implied Interest	Present Value of Lease Receivable
2025	\$ 5,015	(283)	4,732
2026	5,166	(432)	4,734
2027	5,320	(584)	4,736
2028	5,480	(741)	4,739
Total	\$ 20,981	(2,040)	18,941

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) April 30, 2024

Note 13 - Deficit Fund Balance

The following funds had a deficit fund balance at April 30, 2024:

Fund	Amount
Governmental Funds	
Hotel-Motel Tax	\$ (31,496)
ESDA	(22,880)
School Crossing Guard	(2,472)
Proprietary Fund Garbage	(8,952)

The City anticipates funding the deficits with future revenues.

Note 14 - Insurance Recoveries

In February 2022, one of the City's public works buildings, and the contents thereof, were destroyed in a no-fault fire. During the year ended April 30, 2024, the building and other assets were replaced. Insurance proceeds in the amount of \$ 314,930 were received for these replacements.

Note 15 - Contingencies

The City is a defendant in a legal claim. In the event that lost wages or punitive damages are awarded by the court, those would not be covered by the City's insurance. These damages seem unlikely at this time, with legal counsel estimating less than a thirty percent chance of an unfavorable outcome.

Note 16 - Availability Payment Arrangement

In March 2024, the City Council approved a Redevelopment Agreement between the City of Farmer City and Tabeling Development Company, LLC (Developer) to create a total of approximately 17 acres of buildable lots, build, manage, and own a 16-unit apartment complex, construct a commercial retail center, and construct approximately 300 feet of east west road. Developer reimbursements or payments it is to receive under this Agreement shall be contingent on the number of units it has completed. Reimbursement amounts will be capped at \$ 60,000 each year for the first five years for the apartment complex and \$ 30,000 each year for the first five years for the commercial retail center. After that, reimbursement amounts shall be up to 75% of tax increment available, until all eligible redevelopment project costs are fully reimbursed. The total eligible redevelopment project costs combined shall be capped at \$ 1,500,000, or upon the end of tax year 2042, whichever occurs first.

Note 17 - Subsequent Events

No events have occurred subsequent to April 30, 2024 that are required to be disclosed in these financial statements. This evaluation was made as of October 23, 2024, the date these financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Last 10 Calendar Years

	2023	2022	2021
Total pension liability:			
Service cost	130,950	124,028	109,917
Interest on the total pension liability	483,855	473,171	463,773
Changes in benefit terms			
Differences between expected and actual			
experience on the total pension liability	19,210	(43,057)	(47,521)
Changes in assumptions	(12,566)		
Benefit payments, including refunds of			
employee contributions	(422,013)	(411,534)	(403,783)
Net change in total pension liability	199,436	142,608	122,386
Total pension liability - beginning	6,808,795	6,666,187	6,543,801
Total pension liability - ending (a)	7,008,231	6,808,795	6,666,187
Plan fiduciary net position:	159.020	160.576	167.949
Employer contributions	158,039	160,576	167,848
Employee contibutions Net investment income	71,538	64,606	54,632
Benefit payments, including refunds	815,196	(960,814)	1,057,888
of member contributions	(422,013)	(411,534)	(403,783)
Other (net transfer)	(4,067)	139,319	(403,783) (242,650)
ouer (liet dansier)	(4,007)	157,517	(242,030)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	618,693	(1,007,847)	633,935
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	5,656,918	6,664,765	6,030,830
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	6,275,611	5,656,918	6,664,765
Employer's net pension liability (a) - (b)	732,620	1,151,877	1,422
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	89.55%	83.08%	99.98%
Covered-employee payroll	1,325,853	1,222,043	1,201,498
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	55.26%	94.26%	0.12%

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
119,439	104,933	99,756	101,415	102,665	100,734
443,728	430,563	407,218	393,962	363,424	342,811
138,498	(506)	121,648	70,887	133,614	(5,279)
(11,084)		154,434	(151,093)	(24,681)	
(414,891)	(306,436)	(246,388)	(228,791)	(157,624)	(168,232)
275,690	228,554	536,668	186,380	417,398	270,034
270,020	220,001	220,000	100,200	117,550	270,001
6,268,111	6,039,557	5,502,889	5,316,509	4,899,111	4,629,077
6,543,801	6,268,111	6,039,557	5,502,889	5,316,509	4,899,111
174,720	152,903	194,628	147,314	139,281	133,376
55,370	46,839	43,195	42,177	42,859	39,590
751,196	847,715	(230,954)	654,289	262,995	19,137
(414,891)	(306,436)	(246,388)	(228,791)	(157,624)	(168,232)
143,046	15,909	162,695	(12,682)	15,304	(112,719)
709,441	756,930	(76,824)	602,307	302,815	(88,848)
709,111	750,750	(70,024)	002,507	502,015	(00,040)
5,321,389	4,564,459	4,641,283	4,038,976	3,736,161	3,825,009
6,030,830	5,321,389	4,564,459	4,641,283	4,038,976	3,736,161
512,971	946,722	1,475,098	861,606	1,277,533	1,162,950
	, 10, 122	1,170,050		1,277,000	1,102,900
00.1(0/	04.000/		04.240/		
92.16%	84.90%	75.58%	84.34%	75.97%	76.26%
1,092,682	1,040,868	959,900	937,264	938,554	879,782
46.95%	90.96%	153.67%	91.93%	136.12%	132.19%
1012270	2012070	10010170	2.2.2.2.7.0	100112/0	102.1970

ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS Year ended April 30, 2024

Most Recent Calendar Year

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 consecutive years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

Changes in Assumptions:

2015	Changes are primarily from a change in the calculated single discount rate from 7.49% in 2014 to 7.47% in 2015.
2016	Changes are primarily from a change in the calculated single discount rate from 7.47% in 2015 to 7.50% in 2016.
2017	Changes are primarily from adopting an IMRF specific mortality table with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015) developed from the RP-2014 mortality tables.
2018	Assumed investment rate of return was lowered from 7.50% to 7.25%.
2019	No changes.
2020	Changes are primarily from adopting the Pub-2010, amount weighted, general mortality tables for retirees and active members.
2021	No changes.
2022	No changes.

2023 Changes are primarily from adopting an IMRF specific mortality table with fully generational projection scale MP-2021.

ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS Last 10 Calendar Years

Calendar Year Ending December 31,	De	ctuarially etermined ontribution	Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Valuation Payroll	Actual Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Valuation Payroll
2015	\$	133.375	133,376	(1)	879,782	15.16%
2016		139,281	139,281	-	938,554	14.84%
2017		140,402	147,314	(6,912)	937,261	15.72%
2018		156,464	194,628	(38,164)	959,900	20.28%
2019		152,904	152,903	1	1,040,868	14.69%
2020		174,720	174,720	-	1,092,682	15.99%
2021		167,849	167,848	1	1,201,498	13.97%
2022		160,576	160,577	(1)	1,222,043	13.14%
2023		158,970 *	158,038	932	1,325,853	11.92%

* Estimated based on contribution rate of 11.99% and covered valuation payroll of \$1,325,853.

ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS Year ended April 30, 2024

Valuation Date

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine 2023 contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Aggregate entry age normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	Non-Taxing bodies: 10-year rolling period.
	Taxing bodies (Regular, SLEP and ECO groups): 20-year closed period. Early Retirement Incentive Plan liabilities: a period up to 10 years selected by the Employer upon adoption of ERI.
	SLEP supplemental liabilities attributable to Public Act 94-712 were financed over 15 years for most employers (five employers were financed over 16 years; one employer was financed over 17 years; two employers were financed over 18 years; one employer was financed over 21 years; three employers were financed over 24 years; four employers were financed over 25 years; and one employer was financed over 26 years).
Asset valuation method	5-Year smoothed market, 20% corridor
Wage growth	2.75%
Price inflation	2.25%
Salary increases	2.75% to 13.75% including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.25%
Retirement age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2020 valuation purusant to an experience study of the period 2017-2019.
Mortality	For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.
	For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.
	For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both uandjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020.
Other information	There were no benefit changes during the year.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -GENERAL FUND (Unaudited) Year ended April 30, 2024

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Over (Under) Budget
Cash receipts:	\$ 118,647	100 472	2 826
Property tax Income tax	. ,	122,473	3,826
Replacement tax	280,000 50,000	299,270 48,115	19,270 (1,885)
Sales tax	250,000	254,710	4,710
Excise tax	30,000	9,187	(20,813)
Use tax	70,000	69,824	(176)
Video gaming tax	65,000	89,606	24,606
Cannabis tax	3,000	2,837	(163)
Fines, fees, permits and licenses	54,500	57,142	2,642
Grants	81,000	57,112	(81,000)
Interest	10,000	114,219	104,219
Miscellaneous	564,019	94,079	(469,940)
Total cash receipts	1,576,166	1,161,462	(414,704)
Cash disbursements: General government	688,500	475,267	(213,233)
Public safety	680,000	564,712	(115,288)
Streets and alleys	340,000	291,285	(48,715)
Recreation	360,000	325,421	(34,579)
Capital outlay	1,225,000	762,836	(462,164)
Total cash disbursements	3,293,500	2,419,521	(873,979)
Excess (deficiency) of cash receipts			
over (under) cash disbursements	(1,717,334)	(1,258,059)	459,275
Other financing sources (uses):	265.000		
Inter-office charges	265,000	265,000	-
Insurance proceeds	0.000	350,480	350,480
Transfer in	9,000	109,000	100,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	274,000	724,480	450,480
Net change in fund balance	\$(1,443,334)	(533,579)	909,755
Fund balance (budgetary basis), beginning of year		1,516,931	
Fund balance (budgetary basis), end of year		983,352	

RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS CASH RECEIPTS AND CASH DISBURSEMENTS TO GAAP REVENUES AND EXPENSES - GENERAL FUND Year ended April 30, 2024

Total cash receipt sources for general fund activities	\$ 1,161,462
Differences - Budget to GAAP:	
Receivables are not recorded as budgetary cash receipts or other sources, but are revenue for financial reporting purposes: Intergovernmental tax receivable Other receivables	(18) (50)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	1,161,394
Total cash disbursements for general fund activities	2,419,521
Differences - Budget to GAAP:	
Accruals are not recorded as budgetary cash disbursements or other financing uses, but are expenses for financial reporting purposes: Accounts payable Accrued expenses Prepaid expenses	(7,398) 10,142 1,455
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	\$ 2,423,720

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE -TIF II FUND (Unaudited) Year ended April 30, 2024

	a	Driginal nd Final Budget	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Over (Under) Budget
Cash receipts:				
Property tax	\$	380,000	411,652	31,652
Grants	Ψ	500,000	2,957	2,957
Interest		500	3,313	2,813
Total cash receipts		380,500	417,922	37,422
Cash disbursements:				
Public works		125,000	49,957	(75,043)
Capital outlay		600,000	325,356	(274,644)
Debt service - principal		60,475	60,000	(475)
Debt service - interest		89,525	65,990	(23,535)
Total cash disbursements		875,000	501,303	(373,697)
Excess (deficiency) of cash receipts				
over (under) cash disbursements		(494,500)	(83,381)	411,119
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers out			(5,000)	(5,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	(5,000)	(5,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$	(494,500)	(88,381)	406,119
Fund balance (budgetary basis), beginning of year			248,122	
Fund balance (budgetary basis), end of year			159,741	

RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS CASH RECEIPTS AND CASH DISBURSEMENTS TO GAAP REVENUES AND EXPENSES - TIF II FUND Year ended April 30, 2024

Total cash receipt sources for TIF II activities	\$ 417,922
Differences - Budget to GAAP:	
Receivables are not recorded as budgetary cash receipts or other sources, but are revenue for financial reporting purposes: Other receivables	 322
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	 418,244
Total cash disbursements for TIF II activities	\$ 501,303
Differences - Budget to GAAP:	
Accruals are not recorded as budgetary cash disbursements or other financing uses, but are expenses for financial reporting purposes: Accounts payable	 (1,584)
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	\$ 499,719

RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS FUND BALANCE TO GAAP BASIS FUND BALANCE Year ended April 30, 2024

	General	Tax Increment Financing	Non-Major Governmental	
	Fund	Fund II	Funds	Total
Fund balance - Budgetary basis	\$ 983,352	159,741	1,350,824	2,493,917
Add back: Intergovermental receivables Other receivables	145,862	322	23,601	169,463 322
Prepaid expenses	167		52,983	53,150
Less:				
Accounts payable	(33,156)	(1,901)	(6,501)	(41,558)
Accrued expenses	 (18,870)		(3,004)	(21,874)
Fund balance - GAAP basis	\$ 1,077,355	158,162	1,417,903	2,653,420

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Year ended April 30, 2024

Note A - Budget Policy and Practice

The City operates under an Annual Appropriation Ordinance that sets a limit on what may be spent during the fiscal year. The City staff also develops an annual budget in greater detail than the appropriation ordinance. This budget is based on the City's goals of what programs are to be funded, capital projects and purchases desired, levels of taxation, types and amounts of user fees, estimates of state revenues, historical operating expenses and desired cash reserves and fund balance. The appropriation is based on the budget. The appropriation ordinance must be adopted by majority vote of the City Council before the end of the first quarter of the fiscal year. The City staff uses this budget to guide operations during the fiscal year. The Annual Appropriation Ordinance was passed and approved by the City Council on June 5, 2023. No amendments were made.

All budgets are adopted on the cash basis of accounting, which is an accounting framework other than those generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP). The budgetary cash basis reports revenues (receipts) upon receipt of cash and expenditures (disbursements) when cash is paid.

Note B - Expenditures in Excess of Budget

None of the major funds had disbursements in excess of budgeted amounts for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2024.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET -NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS April 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Funds							
		Library Fund	ESDA Fund	Insurance Fund	Social Security Fund	School Crossing Guard Fund	Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund	
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents Property tax receivable Intergovernmental tax receivable	\$	66,082 36,546	624	223,269 49,835	31,977 62,289	4,873	150,906 162,204	
Prepaid expenses Due from other funds				52,983 162,699	69,821		83,988	
Total Assets		102,628	624	488,786	164,087	4,873	397,098	
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Accounts payable		200			0.00	21.6	1.440	
Accrued expenses Due to other funds		380 6,163	22,880		960	216 2,256	1,448	
Total Liabilities		6,543	22,880	-	960	2,472	1,448	
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		36,546	624	49,835	62,289	4,873	162,204	
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable Restricted for:				52,983				
Tax increment financing district III Insurance Motor fuel tax Business district tax				385,968				
Audit Social security IMRF					100,838		233,446	
Library Committed: Public safety		59,539						
Unassigned			(22,880)			(2,472)		
Total Fund Balances		59,539	(22,880)	438,951	100,838	(2,472)	233,446	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	102,628	624	488,786	164,087	4,873	397,098	

		Spec	cial Revenue Fi	unds			
Audit Fund	Hotel- Motel Tax Fund	Business District Tax Fund	Motor Fuel Tax Fund	Tax Increment Financing Fund III	Capital Projects Fund	DUI Fund	Total
65,626	709	156,588	296,948	53,991		12,695	1,058,791
39,867		15.005	(57)	147,592			503,830
		17,027	6,574				23,601 52,983
4,029				35,000			355,537
109,522	709	173,615	303,522	236,583	-	12,695	1,994,742
		850	3,114	2,537			6,501
		850	5,114	2,337			3,004
	32,205						63,504
-	32,205	850	3,114	2,537	-	-	73,009
39,867				147,592			503,830
							52,983
				86,454			86,454
							385,968
		172,765	300,408				300,408 172,765
69,655		172,703					69,655
0,000							100,838
							233,446
							59,539
						12,695	12,695
	(31,496)						(56,848)
69,655	(31,496)	172,765	300,408	86,454	-	12,695	1,417,903

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year ended April 30, 2024

			Special Reve	nue Funds		
	library Fund	ESDA Fund	Insurance Fund	Social Security Fund	School Crossing Guard Fund	Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund
Revenues:						
Property taxes Motor fuel taxes Other taxes	\$ 35,294	593	49,764	59,477	4,706	154,257
Fines, fees, permits & licenses	725					
Donations	27,358					
Other income	368					
Interest	 1,107		2,651	1,255	8	2,648
Total revenues	 64,852	593	52,415	60,732	4,714	156,905
Expenditures: Current: General government			61,373	69,042		97,958
Public safety Public works Streets and alleys		995	- ,)-	9,279	
Culture and recreation Capital outlay	 56,207					
Total expenditures	 56,207	995	61,373	69,042	9,279	97,958
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 8,645	(402)	(8,958)	(8,310)	(4,565)	58,947
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers out						
Total financing sources (uses)	 -	-	-	-	-	-
Net change in fund balances	8,645	(402)	(8,958)	(8,310)	(4,565)	58,947
Fund balances, beginning	 50,894	(22,478)	447,909	109,148	2,093	174,499
Fund balances, ending	\$ 59,539	(22,880)	438,951	100,838	(2,472)	233,446

Audit Fund	Hotel- Motel Tax Fund	Business District Tax Fund	Motor Fuel Tax Fund	Tax Increment Financing Fund III	Capital Projects Fund	DUI Fund	Total
37,914	17 (14	115 100	80,285	91,361			433,366 80,285
	17,614	115,129				875	132,743 1,600 27,358 368
909	44	11,656	14,707	1,096	35	145	36,261
38,823	17,658	126,785	94,992	92,457	35	1,020	711,981
60,950	12,895	65,652	61,376	30,377	403 321	3,407	289,323 13,681 109,327 61,376 56,528
		99,122		32,829			131,951
60,950	12,895	164,774	61,376	63,206	724	3,407	662,186
(22,127)	4,763	(37,989)	33,616	29,251	(689)	(2,387)	49,795
		(2,000)		(2,000)	(135,371)		(139,371)
	-	(2,000)	-	(2,000)	(135,371)	-	(139,371)
(22,127)	4,763	(39,989)	33,616	27,251	(136,060)	(2,387)	(89,576)
91,782	(36,259)	212,754	266,792	59,203	136,060	15,082	1,507,479
69,655	(31,496)	172,765	300,408	86,454		12,695	1,417,903

OTHER INFORMATION

SCHEDULES OF ASSESSED VALUATIONS, RATES, AND EXTENSIONS - Unaudited TAX YEARS 2020 THROUGH 2023

TAX YEAR		2023		2022	2021	2020	
Rate Setting Assessed Valuation	\$	24,364,015	\$	23,562,710	22,589,338	22,740,483	
Increment Valuation (for TIF)	\$	6,476,390	\$	5,209,730	4,546,139	4,499,301	
Tax Rates:							
General							
Corporate		0.25000		0.25000	0.25000	0.25000	
Police protection		0.07500		0.07500	0.07500	0.07500	
Parks		0.07500		0.07500	0.07500	0.07500	
Street lighting		0.05000		0.05000	0.05000	0.05000	
Total General		0.45000		0.45000	0.45000	0.45000	
Sewer		0.10000		0.10000	0.10000	0.10000	
Social security and Illinois		0.021.41		0.00020	0.00077	0.02222	
Municipal Retirement Fund		0.92141		0.90838	0.90877	0.83332	
Library		0.15000		0.15000	0.15000	0.15000	
Civil defense		0.00256		0.00252	0.00253 0.21205	0.00252 0.23093	
Liability insurance		0.20454 0.02000		0.21150 0.02000	0.02000	0.23093	
School crossing guard Audit		0.02000			0.15147		
Audit		0.10303		0.16114	0.13147	0.12049	
Total		2.01214		2.00354	1.99482	1.90726	
Tax Extensions:							
General	\$	60,910	\$	59 007	56 172	56 951	
Corporate Police protection	Ф	18,273	Ф	58,907 17,673	56,473 16,942	56,851 17,055	
Parks		18,273		17,673	16,942	17,055	
Street lighting		12,182		11,781	11,295	11,370	
Succinghing		12,102		11,781	11,295	11,570	
Total General		109,638		106,034	101,652	102,331	
Sewer		24,364		23,562	22,589	22,740	
Social security and Illinois							
Municipal Retirement Fund		224,492		214,039	205,285	189,501	
Library		36,546		35,344	33,884	34,111	
Civil defense		624		594	572	573	
Liability insurance		49,834		49,835	47,901	52,515	
School crossing guard		4,873		4,712	4,518	4,548	
Audit		39,867		37,969	34,216	27,400	
Total	\$	490,238	\$	472,089	450,617	433,719	

SCHEDULES OF PROPERTY TAX COLLECTIONS - Unaudited TAX YEARS 2019 THROUGH 2022

TAX YEAR	2022		2021	2020	2019
Tax Collections (including Roads & Bridges and Mobile Home Privilige Tax): General:					
Corporate	\$	58,824 \$	56,544	57,037	57,628
Police protection	*	17,646	16,963	17,110	17,288
Parks		17,646	16,963	17,110	17,288
Roads & bridges		16,592	15,998	16,300	15,771
Street lighting		11,765	11,309	11,407	11,526
Total General		122,473	117,777	118,964	119,501
Sewer		23,529	22,618	22,814	23,051
Social security and Illinois					
Municipal Retirement Fund		213,734	205,542	190,115	189,016
Library		35,294	33,927	34,222	34,577
Civil defense		593	572	575	585
Liability insurance		49,764	47,961	52,685	53,790
School crossing guard		4,706	4,524	4,563	4,610
Audit		37,914	34,259	27,489	23,153
Tax increment financing fund II		411,652	381,212	374,293	375,023
Tax increment financing fund III		91,361	61,563	63,806	37,338
Total Tax Collected		991,020	909,955	889,526	860,644
Less: Non-levied taxes included above:					
Tax increment financing fund II		411,652	381,212	374,293	375,023
Tax increment financing fund III		91,361	61,563	63,806	37,338
Roads & bridges		16,592	15,998	16,300	15,771
Total non-levied taxes		519,605	458,773	454,399	428,132
Net Levied Tax Collected	\$	471,415 \$	451,182	435,127	432,512
Percentage of Extension Collected		100%	100%	100%	100%